LIFE CYCLE: Fleas

Any pet owner who’s had trouble with fleas on their dog or cat knows how quickly an infestation of these pint-sized pests can spiral out of control. But how does it go from one flea to hundreds—even thousands—so quickly?

Here’s a breakdown of the flea life cycle from egg to adult:

1. **Egg.** Eggs are deposited on the pet and fall into the environment within a few hours.

2. **Larva.** Larvae are maggot-like and approximately 0.5 cm long. They feed on blood in adult flea feces, organic debris, flea egg-shells and other flea larvae.

   > Flea larvae develop outdoors in cool, shady areas where pets rest as well as indoors in undisturbed, protected sites such as in carpet, under furniture and along baseboards.

3. **Pupa.** Whitish cocoons can be found in soil, on vegetation, in carpets, under furniture and on animal bedding.

   > Adults emerge about eight days after formation of the cocoon. All fleas usually emerge by day 13, depending on temperature and relative humidity.

4. **Adult.** Adults begin feeding immediately when on a pet—usually within three minutes.

   > Egg production begins within 20 to 24 hours of females taking their first blood meal.

   > Female fleas can produce 40 to 50 eggs per day—that’s nearly 3,000 fleas in two months!

   > During the warm summer months, the entire flea life cycle can be completed in two to three weeks.

Source: Companion Animal Parasite Council